

# HIGH BULK DENSITY ALUMINIUM FLUORIDE (FROM FLUORSPAR)



**BUSS ChemTech is recognized  
as the world leading technology  
supplier for fluorine chemicals.**

Our process technology for fluorine chemicals is  
the result of over fifty years of continuous  
development linked to direct experience of the design  
and construction of industrial scale plants.



Aluminum fluoride is used by aluminum producers to lower the  
melting point of electrolytes in the smelting process and increase  
production efficiency.



AlF<sub>3</sub> Plant: Capacity 60,000 mpty, UAE

## OUR EXPERIENCE ALLOWS US TO OFFER PLANTS WITH FULL OPERATING GUARANTEES.

### THIS RESULTS IN

- Plant capacities and products specifications tailored to your requirements
- Critical equipment like the  $\text{AlF}_3$  Reactor manufactured to strictly controlled specifications
- Prolonged plant life and high productivity

### RANGE OF SERVICES

- Fluorspar reactivity tests
- Conceptual design
- Feasibility studies and plant assessments
- Basic and detail engineering
- Process automation
- Materials or total plant supply
- Project management,
- Commissioning and start-up
- After sales service

AHF Storage, Brazil



$\text{AlF}_3$  Plant: Capacity 60,000 mtpy, UAE



## FLUORSPAR AND ALUMINIUM HYDROXIDE DRYING PLANTS

Fluorspar and aluminium hydroxide are delivered to the plant complex as a wet cake. Drying is carried out in flash dryers before transport to the respective user.

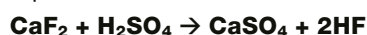
### AHF SAFETY STORAGE

The storage system consists of AHF Storage Tanks within the AHF Storage Containment Tank at a low temperature and atmospheric pressure.

## AHF PLANT

Hydrogen fluoride is produced by the reaction of sulphuric acid with fluorspar in the Pre-reactor and this reaction is completed in an indirectly heated rotary kiln.

The reaction can be represented by the following equation:



Dry fluorspar, oleum and sulphuric acid flow to the Pre-reactor where the reaction begins and is completed in a rotary kiln.

Hydrogen fluoride flows through gas cleaning equipment, is condensed and distilled to produce anhydrous hydrofluoric acid.

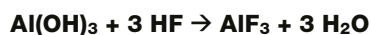
Solid calcium sulphate residues are removed from the HF Reactor, neutralised and is sold to the building industry for use as floor levelling material, building blocks and as retarder in the cement industry.

Tail gases flow to the central absorption section before emission to atmosphere.

## AlF<sub>3</sub> PLANT

Aluminium fluoride is produced by reacting dried aluminium hydroxide with the hydrofluoric acid gas in a fluidized bed reactor.

The reaction can be summarized as follows:



Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> is conveyed to the Al(OH)<sub>3</sub> Silo from where it is fed into the AlF<sub>3</sub> Reactor.

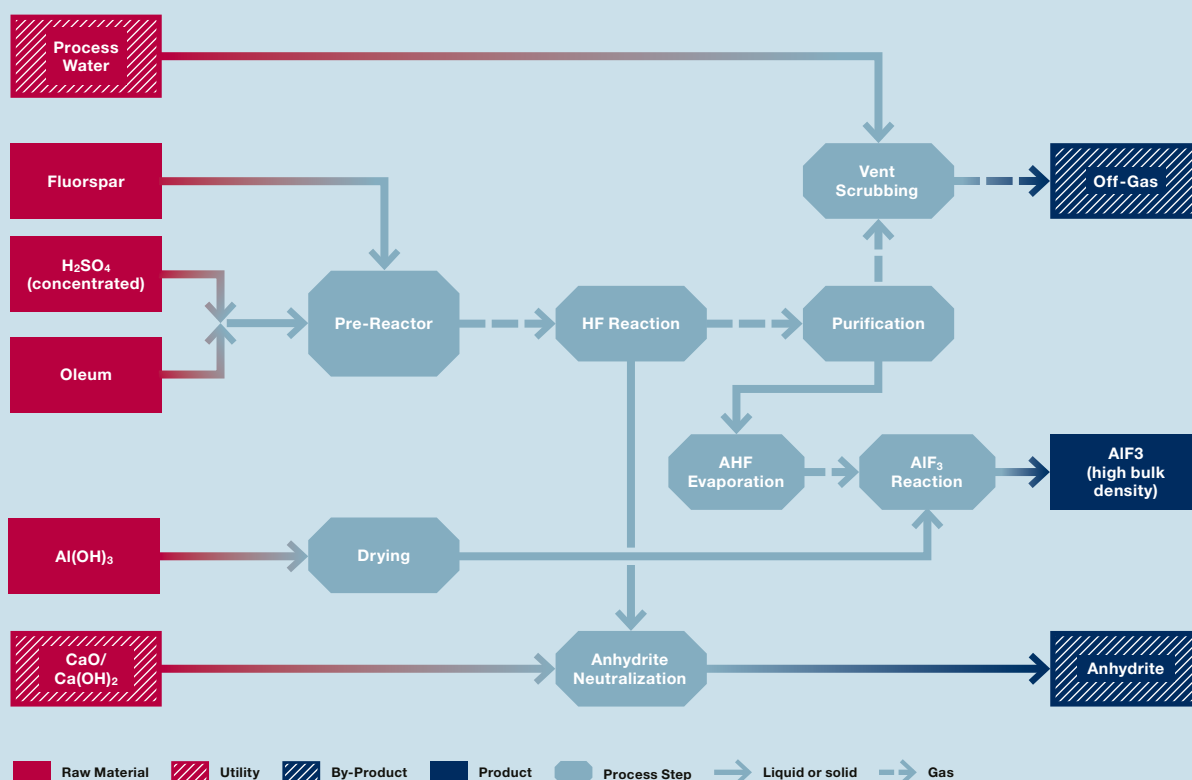
AHF is evaporated and superheated and fed to the lower bed of the reactor.

Aluminium fluoride is fed from the lower bed of the reactor through a product cooler to storage.

Fine solids transported out of the AlF<sub>3</sub> Reactor with the gas stream are recovered in cyclones and solids from them flow to the product stream.

Tail gases from the process flow to the central absorption section.

Aluminium fluoride product is fed to bulk transport tankers or bag filling plant.



## KEY FEATURES

- High quality aluminium fluoride
- Reliability in operation
- Environment and high safety record
- Use of fluorspar containing high impurity levels
- Sale of anhydrite as building raw material
- white free-flowing solid
- Bulk Density 1,500 kg/m<sup>3</sup>
- Flowability Index < 60 seconds for 1 kg
- L.O.I. (one hour at 550°C) max. 0.5 wt-%
- Granular size < 45 µm max. 10 %
- Granular size > 150 µm max. 3 %



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## EXPECTED CONSUMPTION FIGURES

RAW MATERIALS <sup>(1)</sup>		UTILITIES FOR THE COMBINED AHF/AIF <sub>3</sub> PLANT <sup>(1)</sup>		EXPECTED PRODUCT SPECIFICATION	
Fluorspar	1,540 kg	Steam, Low Pressure	0.8 GJ	AlF <sub>3</sub>	min. 91.000 wt-%
Sulphuric acid/oleum (calculated as 100 % H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> )	1,850 kg	Steam, Medium Pressure	1.3 GJ	SO <sub>4</sub>	max. 0.004 wt-%
Aluminium hydroxide (calculated as 100 wt-% Al(OH) <sub>3</sub> )	1,030 kg	Process water	3 m <sup>3</sup>	SiO <sub>2</sub>	max. 0.025 wt-%
Calcium hydroxide	30 kg	Cooling water	3.6 GJ	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	max. 0.005 wt-%
		Chilled water	1.7 GJ	Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	max. 0.020 wt-%
		Electricity	215 kWh	Na <sub>2</sub> O	max. 0.050 wt-%
		Fuel	4.9 GJ		

<sup>(1)</sup> Values are per metric ton of aluminum fluoride produced.